

and $1 - n/N$ become zero if the corresponding effects are fixed and one if the effects are random.

TABLE 8.14-6 Table for Determining E(MS) for Type SPF-p,qr Design

Source	E(MS)
A	$\sigma_e^2 + \left(1 - \frac{n}{N}\right) \left(1 - \frac{q}{Q}\right) \left(1 - \frac{r}{R}\right) \sigma_{\beta\gamma\kappa}^2 + n \left(1 - \frac{q}{Q}\right) \left(1 - \frac{r}{R}\right) \sigma_{z\beta\gamma}^2$ $+ q \left(1 - \frac{n}{N}\right) \left(1 - \frac{r}{R}\right) \sigma_{\gamma\kappa}^2 + nq \left(1 - \frac{r}{R}\right) \sigma_{z\gamma}^2$ $+ r \left(1 - \frac{n}{N}\right) \left(1 - \frac{q}{Q}\right) \sigma_{\beta\kappa}^2 + nr \left(1 - \frac{q}{Q}\right) \sigma_{z\beta}^2$ $+ qr \left(1 - \frac{n}{N}\right) \sigma_z^2 + nqr \sigma_z^2$
Subj w.groups	$\sigma_e^2 + \left(1 - \frac{q}{Q}\right) \left(1 - \frac{r}{R}\right) \sigma_{\beta\gamma\kappa}^2 + q \left(1 - \frac{r}{R}\right) \sigma_{\gamma\kappa}^2$ $+ r \left(1 - \frac{q}{Q}\right) \sigma_{\beta\kappa}^2 + qr \sigma_z^2$
B	$\sigma_e^2 + \left(1 - \frac{n}{N}\right) \left(1 - \frac{r}{R}\right) \sigma_{\beta\gamma\kappa}^2 + n \left(1 - \frac{p}{P}\right) \left(1 - \frac{r}{R}\right) \sigma_{z\beta\gamma}^2$ $+ np \left(1 - \frac{r}{R}\right) \sigma_{\beta\gamma}^2 + r \left(1 - \frac{n}{N}\right) \sigma_{\beta\kappa}^2 + nr \left(1 - \frac{p}{P}\right) \sigma_{z\beta}^2 + npr \sigma_z^2$
AB	$\sigma_e^2 + \left(1 - \frac{n}{N}\right) \left(1 - \frac{r}{R}\right) \sigma_{\beta\gamma\kappa}^2 + n \left(1 - \frac{r}{R}\right) \sigma_{z\beta\gamma}^2 + r \left(1 - \frac{n}{N}\right) \sigma_{\beta\kappa}^2$ $+ nro_{z\beta}^2$
B × subj w.groups	$\sigma_e^2 + \left(1 - \frac{r}{R}\right) \sigma_{\beta\gamma\kappa}^2 + ro_{\beta\kappa}^2$
C	$\sigma_e^2 + \left(1 - \frac{n}{N}\right) \left(1 - \frac{q}{Q}\right) \sigma_{\beta\gamma\kappa}^2 + n \left(1 - \frac{p}{P}\right) \left(1 - \frac{q}{Q}\right) \sigma_{z\beta\gamma}^2$ $+ np \left(1 - \frac{q}{Q}\right) \sigma_{\beta\gamma}^2 + q \left(1 - \frac{n}{N}\right) \sigma_{\gamma\kappa}^2 + nq \left(1 - \frac{p}{P}\right) \sigma_{z\gamma}^2 + npq \sigma_z^2$
AC	$\sigma_e^2 + \left(1 - \frac{n}{N}\right) \left(1 - \frac{q}{Q}\right) \sigma_{\beta\gamma\kappa}^2 + n \left(1 - \frac{q}{Q}\right) \sigma_{z\beta\gamma}^2 + q \left(1 - \frac{n}{N}\right) \sigma_{\gamma\kappa}^2$ $+ nq \sigma_{z\gamma}^2$
C × subj w.groups	$\sigma_e^2 + \left(1 - \frac{q}{Q}\right) \sigma_{\beta\gamma\kappa}^2 + q \sigma_{\gamma\kappa}^2$
BC	$\sigma_e^2 + \left(1 - \frac{n}{N}\right) \sigma_{\beta\gamma\kappa}^2 + n \left(1 - \frac{p}{P}\right) \sigma_{z\beta\gamma}^2 + np \sigma_{\beta\gamma}^2$
ABC	$\sigma_e^2 + \left(1 - \frac{n}{N}\right) \sigma_{\beta\gamma\kappa}^2 + n \sigma_{z\beta\gamma}^2$
BC × subj w.groups	$\sigma_e^2 + \sigma_{\beta\gamma\kappa}^2$