

Figure 1.40c

| REGRESSION ANALYSIS FOR WITHIN CELLS ERROR TERM | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| DEPENDENT VARIABLE ..SYNTH | | | | | | | |
| COVARIATE | B | BETA | STD. ERR. | T-VALUE | SIG. OF T | LOWER .95 CL | UPPER .95 CL |
| INTEL | .0555153073 | .4727752433 | .05165 | 1.07475 | .287 | -.04814 | .15917 |
| CONOBV | .2008178054 | .7838261472 | .24128 | .83231 | .409 | -.28334 | .68498 |
| CONRMT | .1410916362 | .2648440705 | .47795 | .29520 | .769 | -.81799 | 1.10018 |
| JOB | -.3208770046 | -.9994055945 | .33236 | -.96544 | .339 | -.98781 | .34606 |
| CI1 | -.0015680423 | -.6955227162 | .00234 | -.66986 | .506 | -.00627 | .00313 |
| CI2 | -.0009030738 | -.2073789045 | .00443 | -.20380 | .839 | -.00979 | .00799 |
| CI3 | .0030798107 | 1.2548388165 | .00314 | .98169 | .331 | -.00322 | .00938 |
| DEPENDENT VARIABLE ..EVAL | | | | | | | |
| COVARIATE | B | BETA | STD. ERR. | T-VALUE | SIG. OF T | LOWER .95 CL | UPPER .95 CL |
| INTEL | -.0094648415 | -.0790004191 | .05701 | -.16602 | .869 | -.12386 | .10493 |
| CONOBV | -.1937798157 | -.7413104806 | .26629 | -.72770 | .470 | -.72813 | .34057 |
| CONRMT | .4295086197 | .7901962055 | .52750 | .81424 | .419 | -.62900 | 1.48801 |
| JOB | -.2833034910 | -.8648268789 | .36682 | -.77233 | .443 | -1.01937 | .45277 |
| CI1 | .0023782808 | 1.0339290659 | .00258 | .92057 | .362 | -.00281 | .00756 |
| CI2 | -.0032614042 | -.7340404855 | .00489 | -.66690 | .508 | -.01307 | .00655 |
| CI3 | .0025330022 | 1.0115178798 | .00346 | .73156 | .468 | -.00441 | .00948 |
| ESTIMATES FOR SYNTH ADJUSTED FOR 7 COVARIATES | | | | | | | |
| CONSTANT | | | | | | | |
| PARAMETER | COEFF. | STD. ERR. | T-VALUE | SIG. OF T | LOWER .95 CL | UPPER .95 CL | |
| 1 | -4.0520586339 | 5.21524 | -.77696 | .441 | -14.51720 | 6.41309 | |
| ESTIMATES FOR EVAL ADJUSTED FOR 7 COVARIATES | | | | | | | |
| CONSTANT | | | | | | | |
| PARAMETER | COEFF. | STD. ERR. | T-VALUE | SIG. OF T | LOWER .95 CL | UPPER .95 CL | |
| 1 | 1.3600318232 | 5.75585 | .23629 | .814 | -10.18992 | 12.90999 | |

All of the output related to multivariate significance tests that can be obtained by using the PRINT phrase as described in Section 1.33 is also available in the multivariate regression analysis.

1.41 Canonical Analysis

MANOVA can also be used to obtain the canonical correlation between the dependent and independent variables entered into the multivariate regression model. Canonical correlation analysis obtains the linear combinations $u_i = a_i'Y$ and $v_i = b_i'X$ ($i=1,2,\dots,\min(p,q)$) such that the sample correlation between u_i and v_i is maximized. The sample correlation between u_i and v_i is greatest among all linear combinations uncorrelated with u_1 and v_1 , and so on. The a_i and b_i are the canonical coefficients for the dependent and independent variables, respectively, and the pairs of linear combinations u_i and v_i are called the canonical variates.

The format of the PRINT subcommand requesting canonical analysis is

```
PRINT=DISCRIM(output list)/
```

The output list may include requests for

- 1 The raw canonical coefficients. If

```
PRINT=DISCRIM(RAW)/
```

is specified, the raw canonical coefficients for the dependent variables and the independent variables are produced. For Figure 1.40a, the output in Figure 1.41a is obtained.

Figure 1.41a

| RAW CANONICAL COEFFICIENTS FOR DEPENDENT VARIABLES | |
|--|--------------|
| VARIABLE | FUNCTION NO. |
| SYNTH | 1 |
| EVAL | 2 |
| | 3 |
| | 4 |
| | 5 |
| | 6 |
| | 7 |